Engaging Immigrant Latino Families in the Local Food System

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Local Food Systems









Community Food Security

Community food security:

- a safe, culturally acceptable, nutritionally adequate diet
- sustainable food system
- community self-reliance
- social justice (Hamm & Bellows)

Background

- Limited availability of healthy foods contribute to higher rates of overweight and obesity among Latino children and families.
- Food insecurity is double the national rate among Latinos (Herrera, Khanna, Davis, 2009)
- Latinos are underrepresented among those actively engaged in their local food systems (Allen, 2010)
- Currently, 38.2% of Latino children ages 2 to 19 are overweight or obese, compared with 31.7 percent of all children those ages (Ogden, Carroll et al, 2010)

Our Aims

- Determine the most effective strategies to overcome existing language and cultural barriers that discourage or prevent Latino families' participation in local food system in our region
- Develop a plan to involve Latino families in the local food system and in food system planning

Methods

- Formation of regional steering committee (n=7)
- Key informant interviews (n=15)
- Farmers' Market Tours (n= 200)
- Focus groups (n= 64)



Steering Committee

- Benton County
 - Iglesia Emanuel
 - Strengthening Rural Families
- Linn County
 - OSU Extension- Nutrition
 - Centro de Bienvenida
- Polk County
 - Oregon Farmworker Housing Development Corporation
 - OCDC Independence



Key Findings

- 1. Most participants in our study prefer fresh foods that are grown locally due to taste, quality and trust of source.
- Gardens, Farmer's Markets, and Farm Stands, in theory, are culturally appropriate sources of food.
- 3. There is a high need for Spanish language resources on how to grow, prepare and purchase local food.
- 4. Connections to public agencies such as churches, schools and farmworker housing are important facilitators to accessing fresh, healthy food for participants.

Next Steps:

- Reconnect with participants to discuss results and plan next steps
 - Pilot Spanish Language Gardening Education
 Program: Sembrando la Cena (Seed to Supper)
 - Research the role of community networks on accessing healthy foods among immigrant Latino families













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